

José Afonso Center for Astronomy and Astrophysics, Faculty of Sciences of the University of Lisbon XXIII Encontro Nacional de Astronomia e Astrofísica · July 18-19, 2013

Towards the discovery of the first radio galaxies





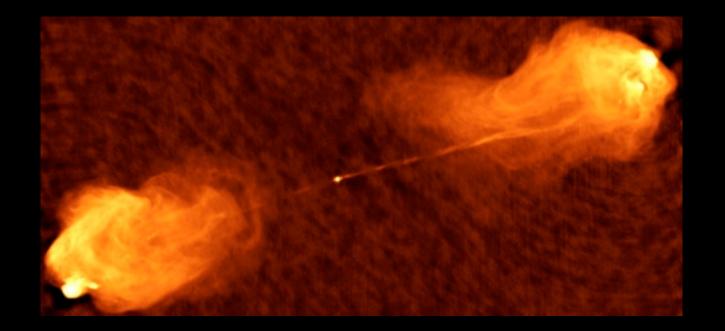
Where are the first radio galaxies?

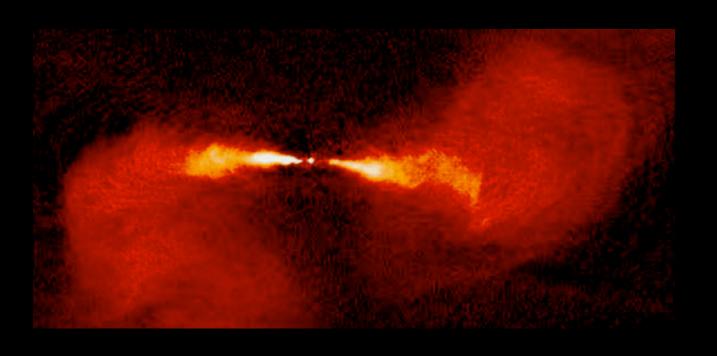
Where are the first radio galaxies? - The earliest AGN activity in the Universe. - Powerful tracer of AGN physics at very high redshifts. - If (when!) found will allow for HI absorption studies in the EoR. - Possibly already well within current day capabilities.

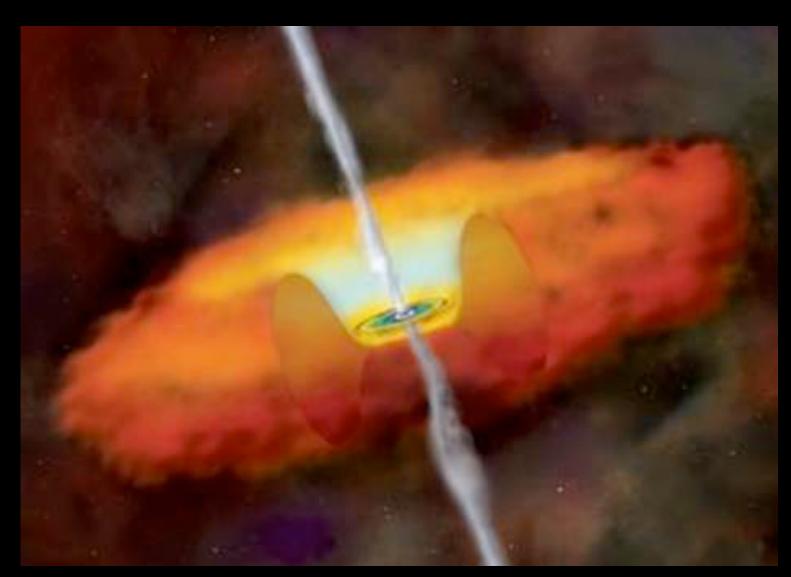


Radio Galaxies = Active Galactic Nuclei

More powerful...



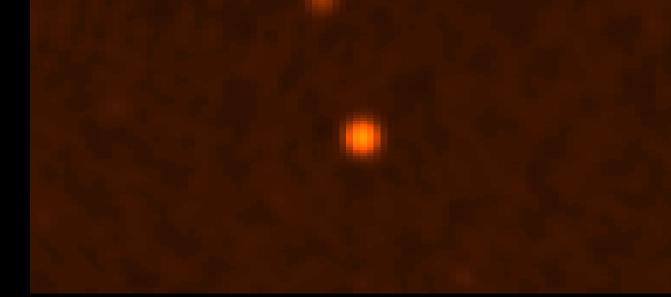


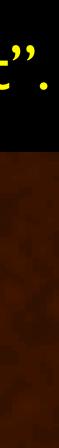




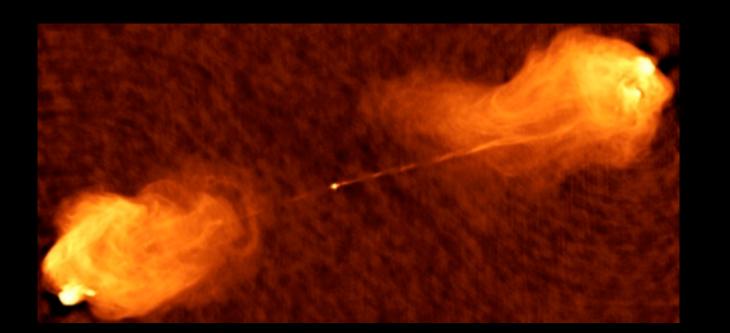
...less powerful...

...or "radio-quiet".





More powerful...



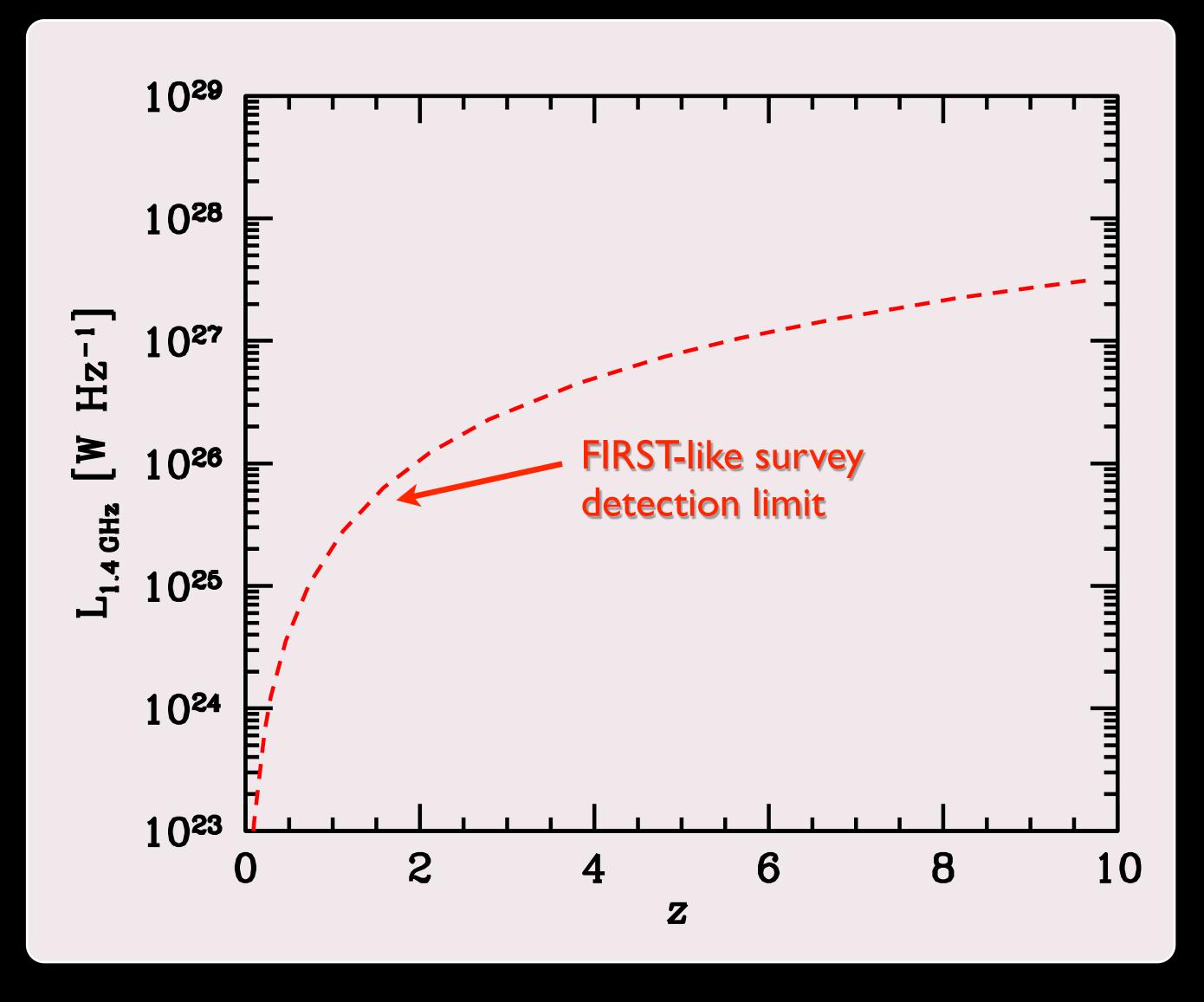


Radio Galaxies = Active Galactic Nuclei

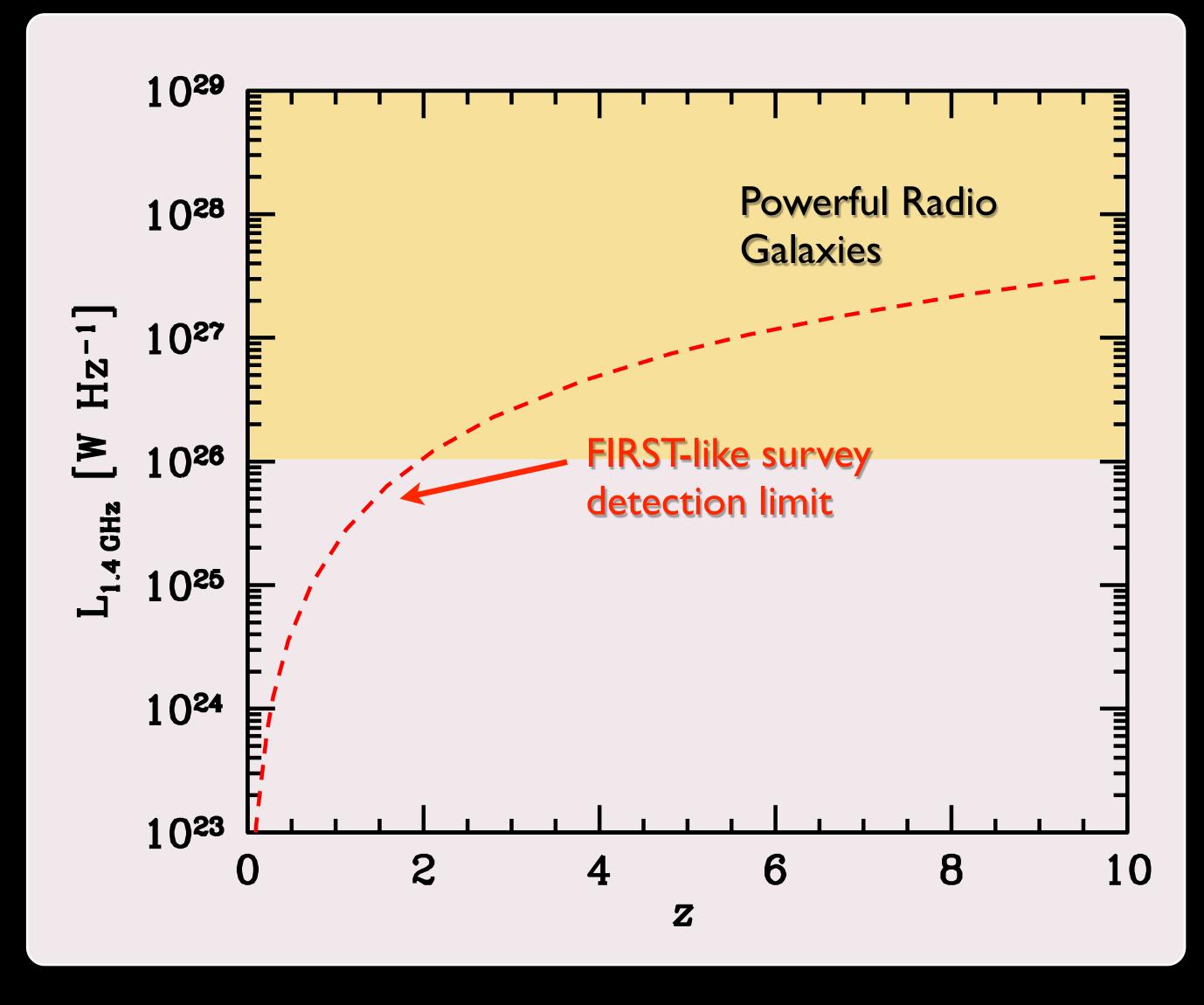
- 1) Among the most luminous galaxies at any redshift
- 2) Associated with the most massive systems
- 3) Progenitors of brightest cluster ellipticals
- 4) Track proto-cluster environments
- 5) Dusty and Starbursting
- 6) May show large gas reservoirs (Ly- α halos)
 - Tracers of galaxy buildup AND structure formation (z>2)



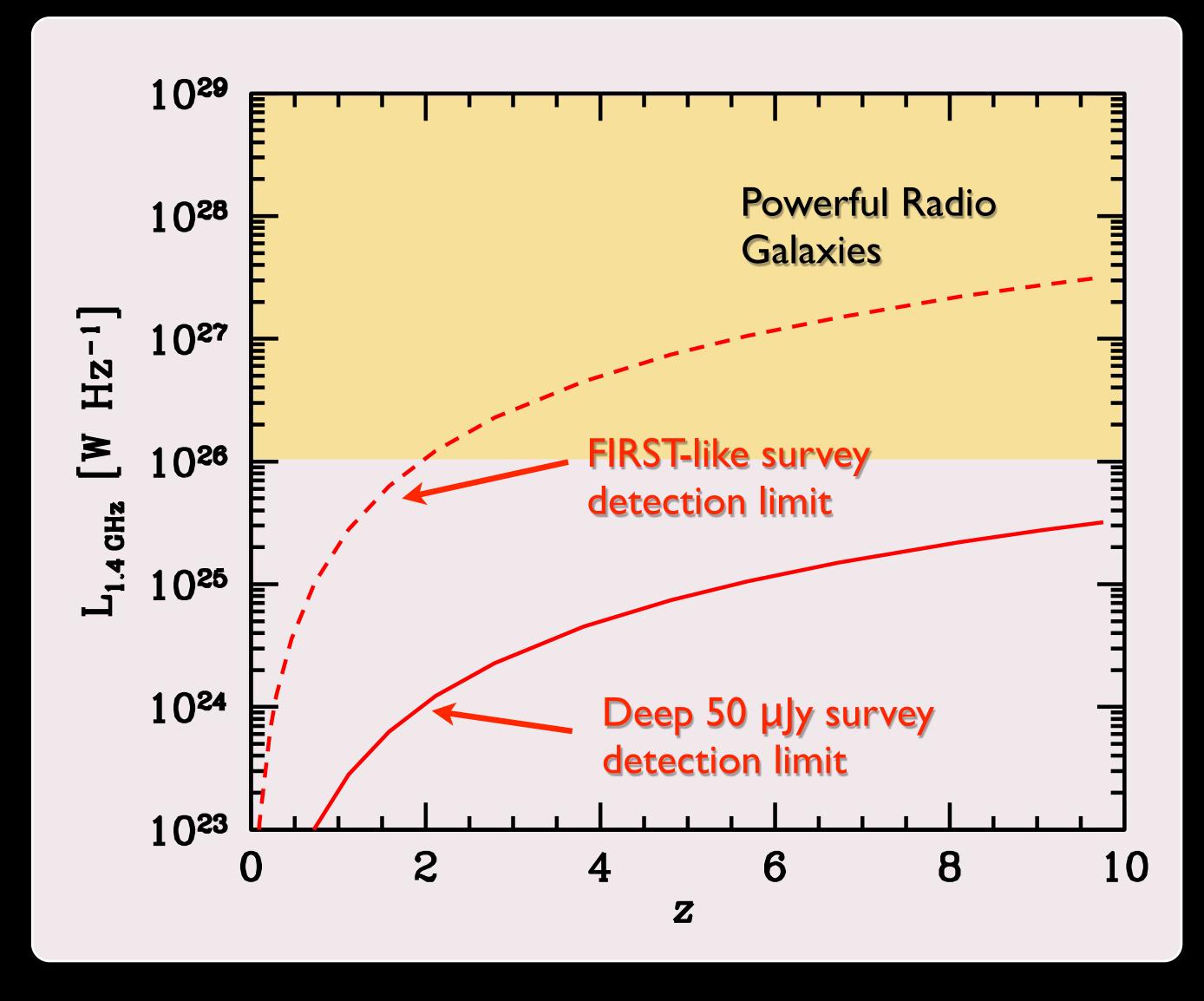




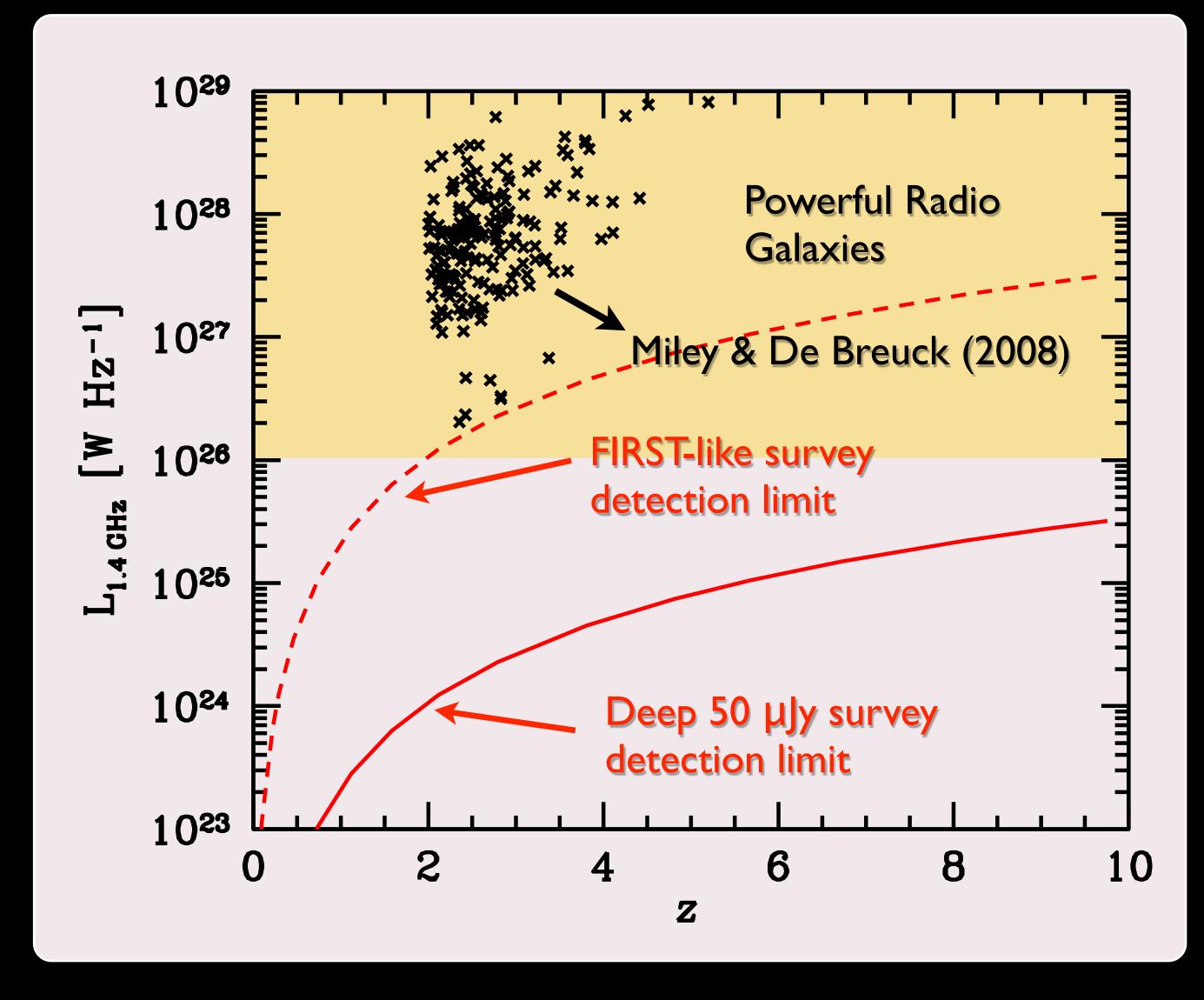




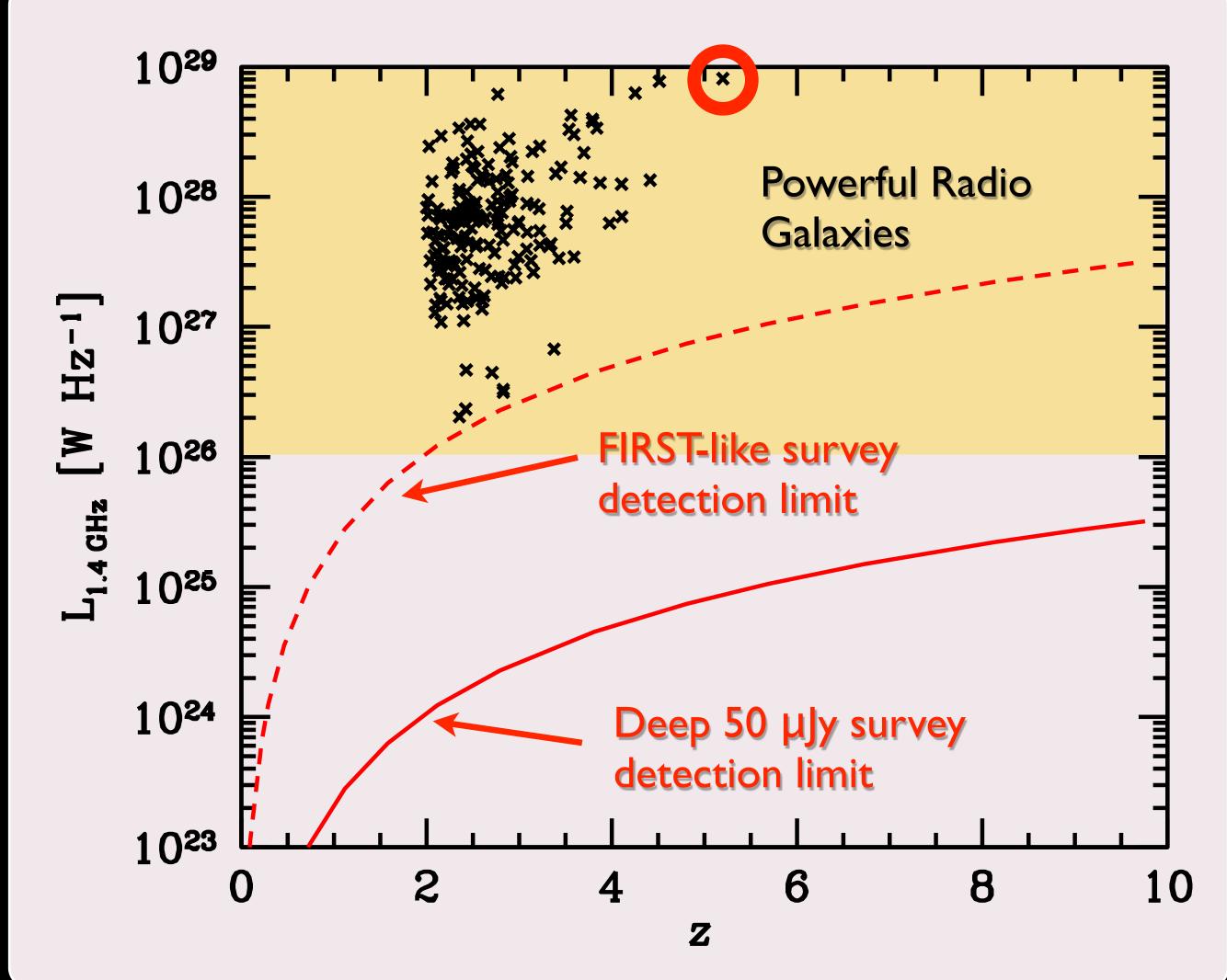






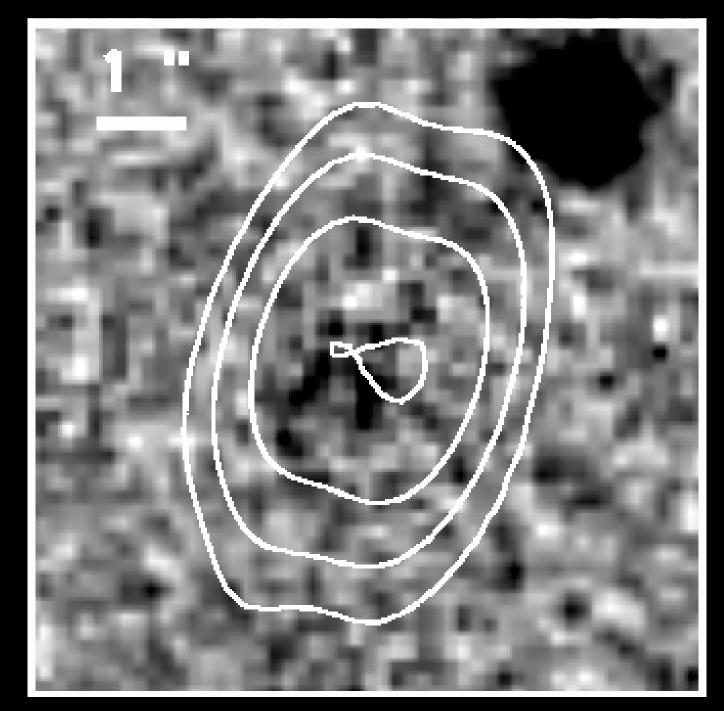




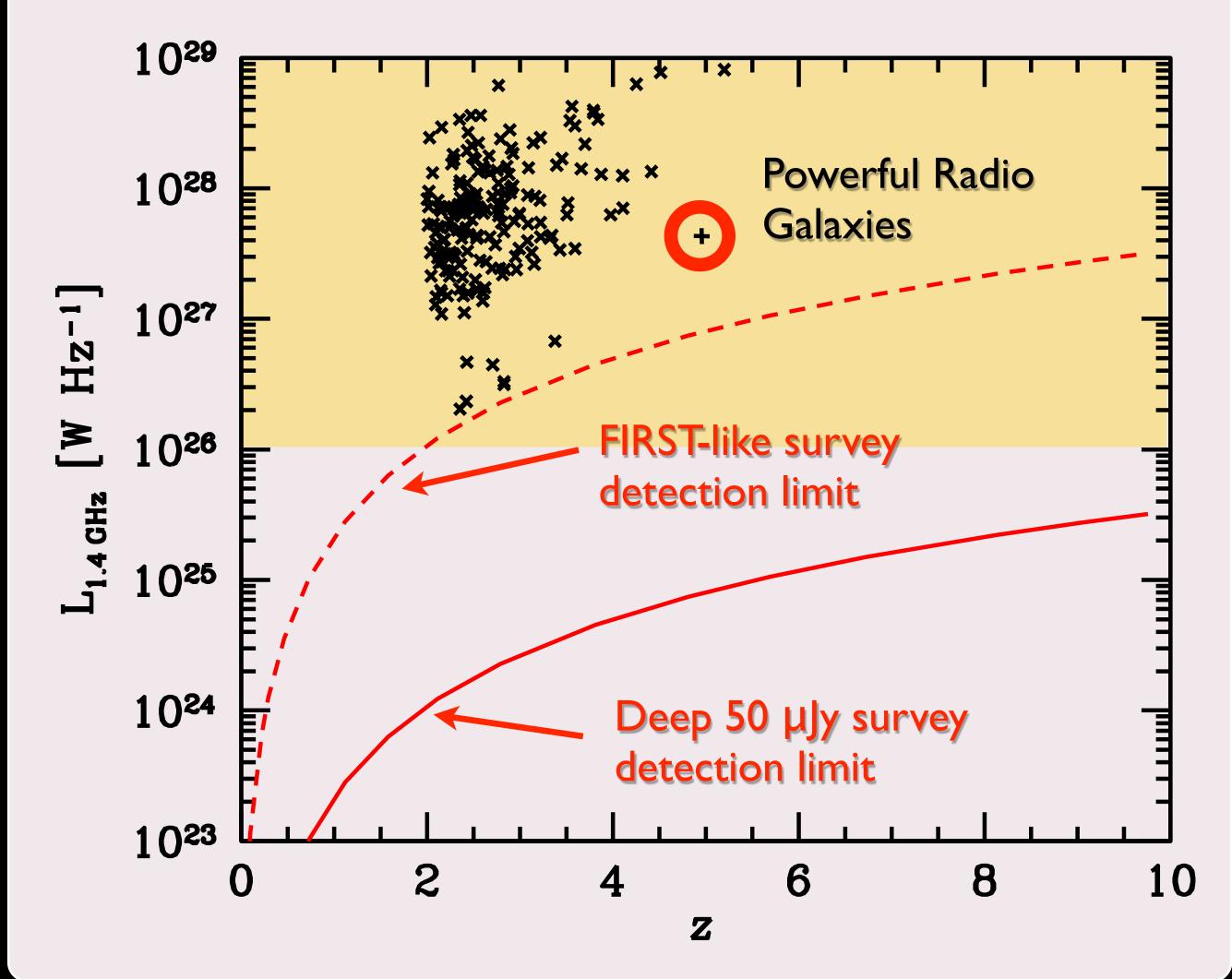




TN J0924-2201 @ z=5.2 (van Breugel+, 99)

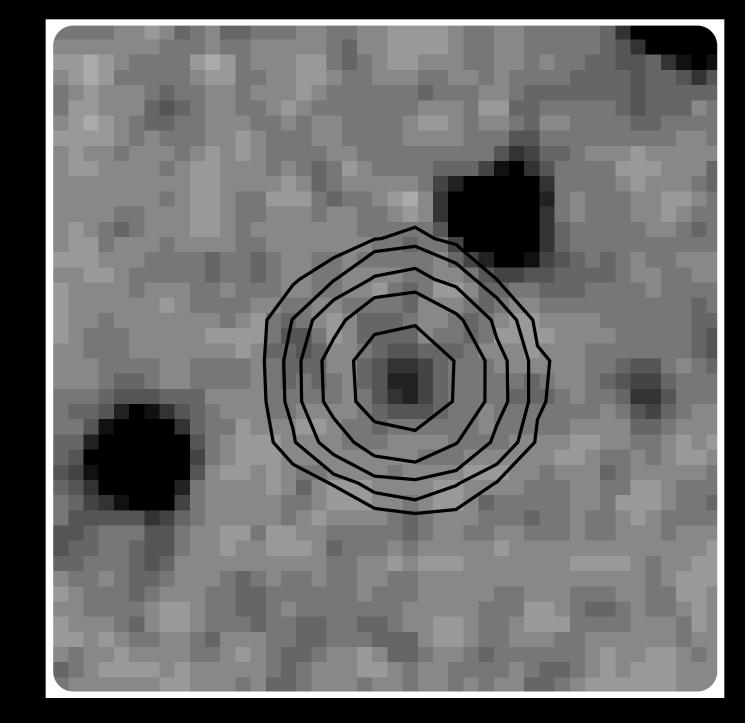


 $S_{I.4GHz} = 73 \text{ mJy}$



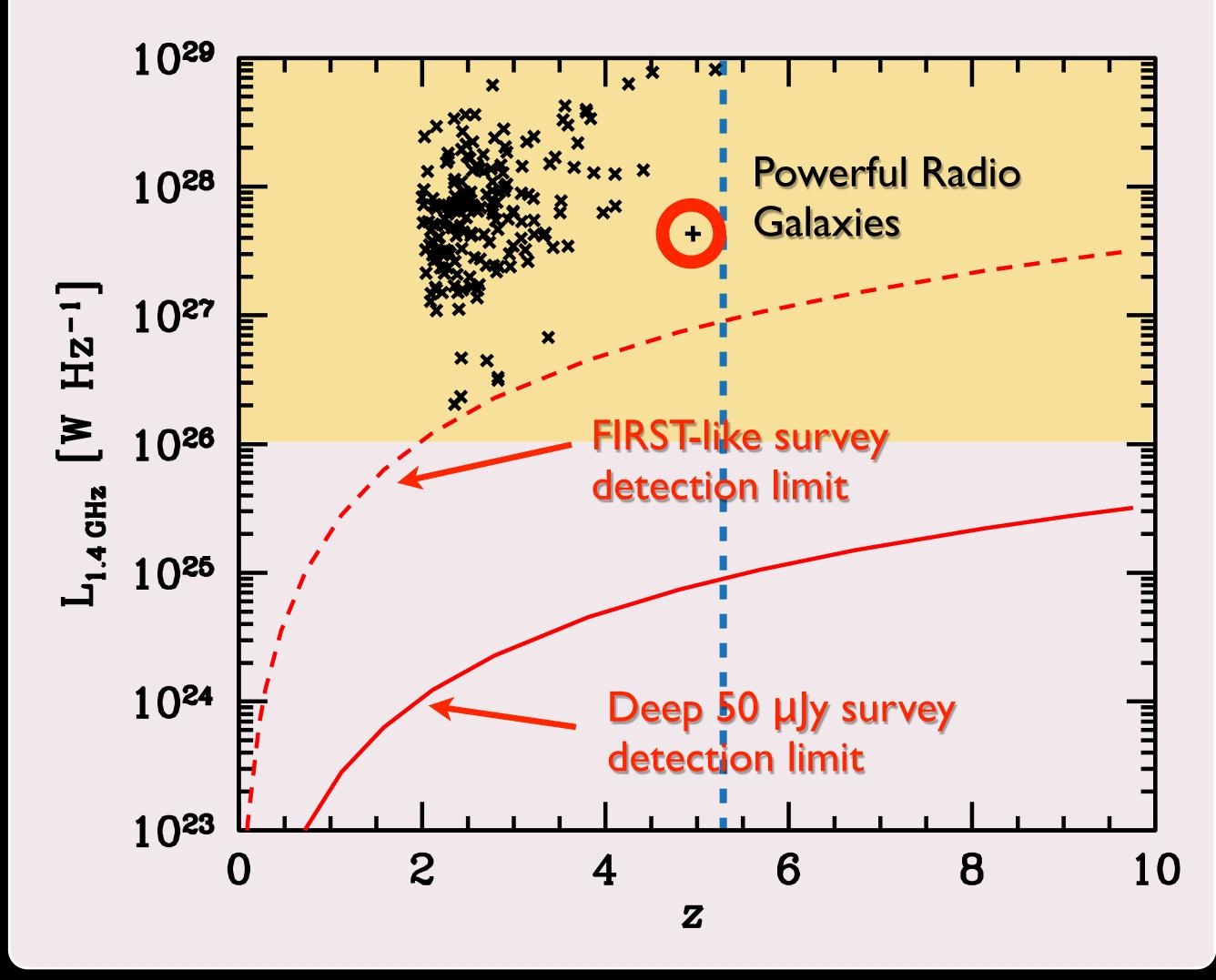


J6392.11 + 405236.5 @ z=4.9 (Jarvis+, 09)



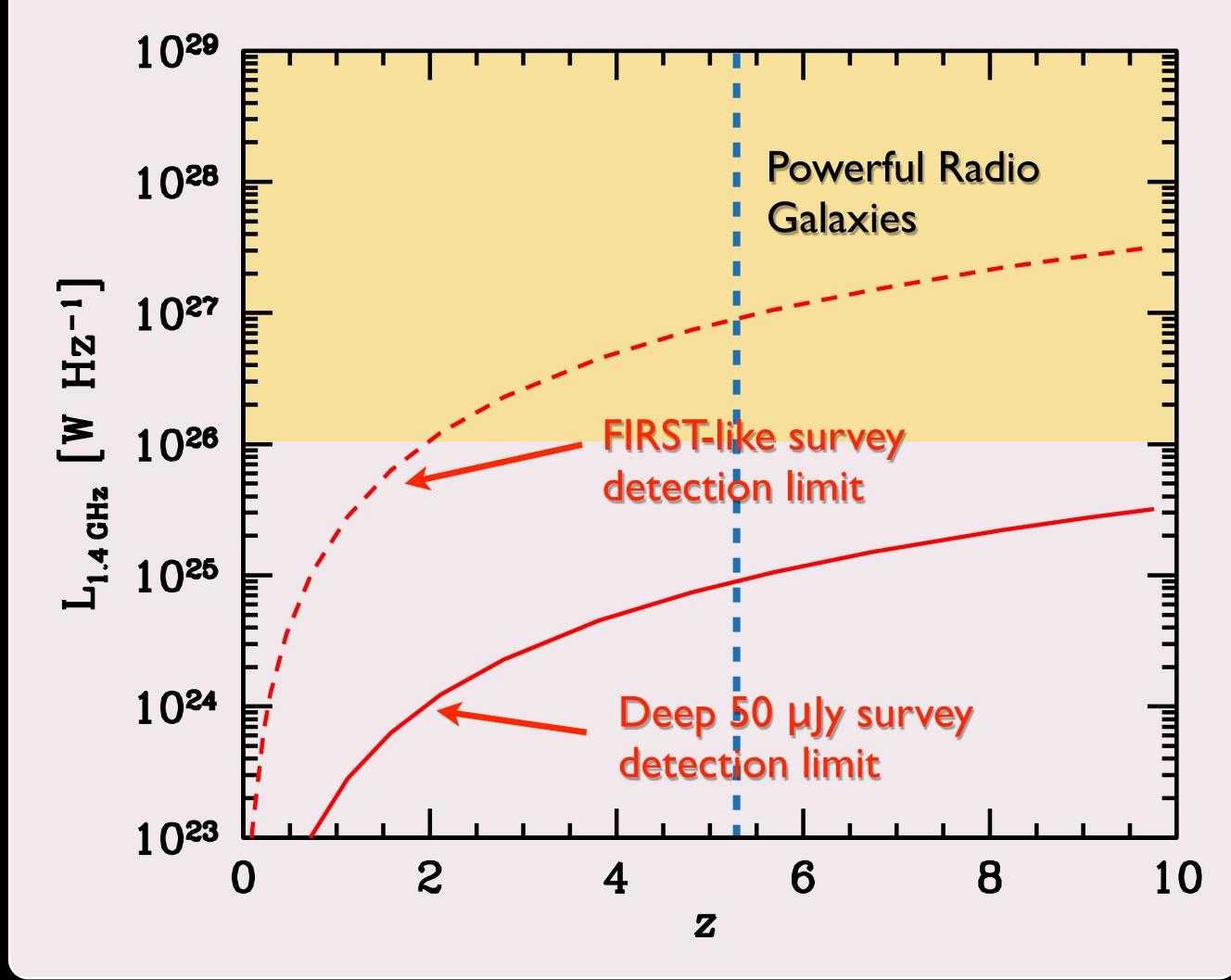
 $S_{I.4GHz}=22 \text{ mJy}$









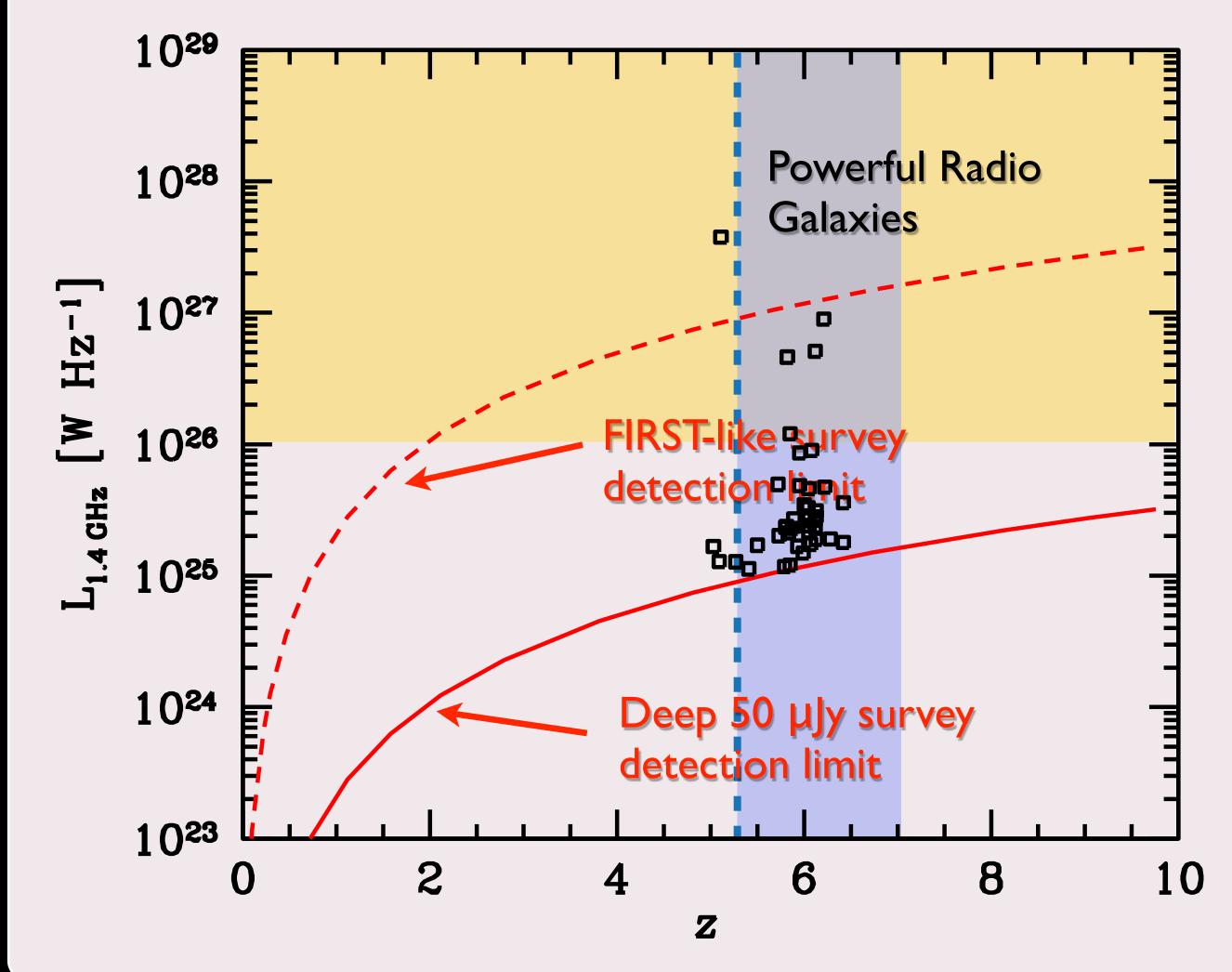




Observations of high-z AGN: - Highest z QSO from UKIDSS (z=7.09, Mortlock+, 11) - Over 30 QSOs known at 6<z<7 (Fan, 2012)





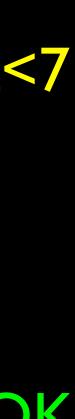




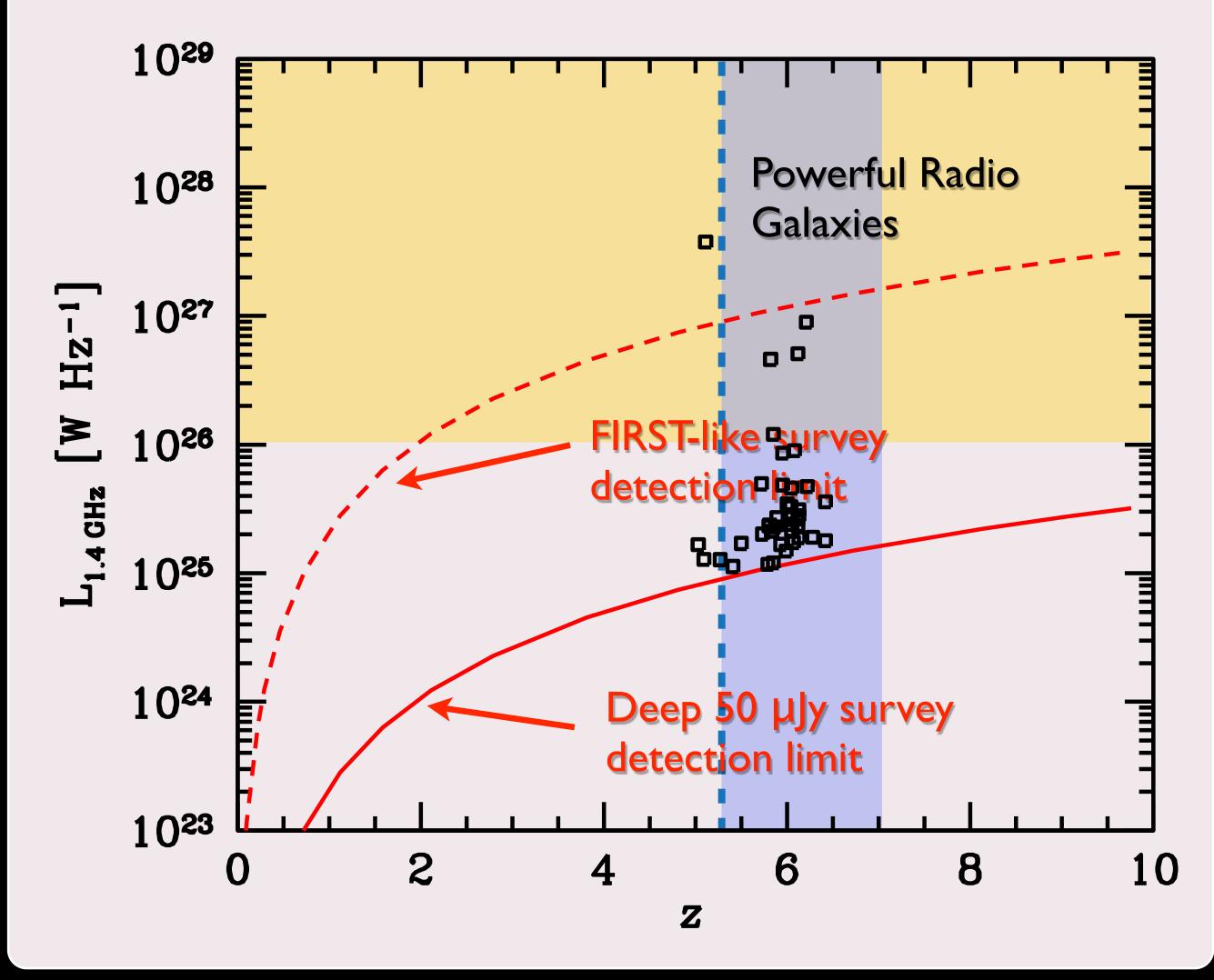
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 $\Rightarrow 10^{8} - 10^{9} M_{\odot} SMBHs$

Powerful AGN do exist at z~7: OK





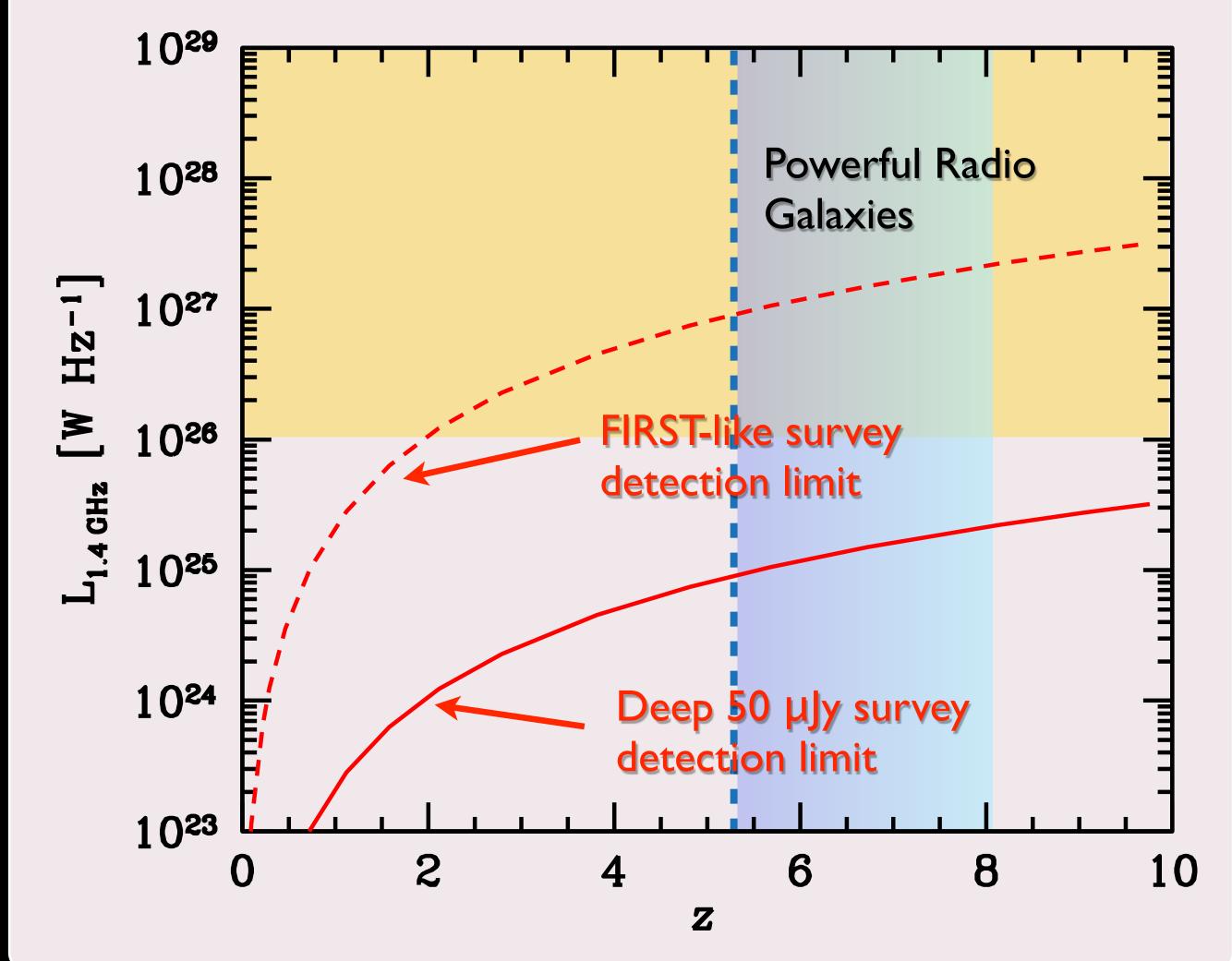




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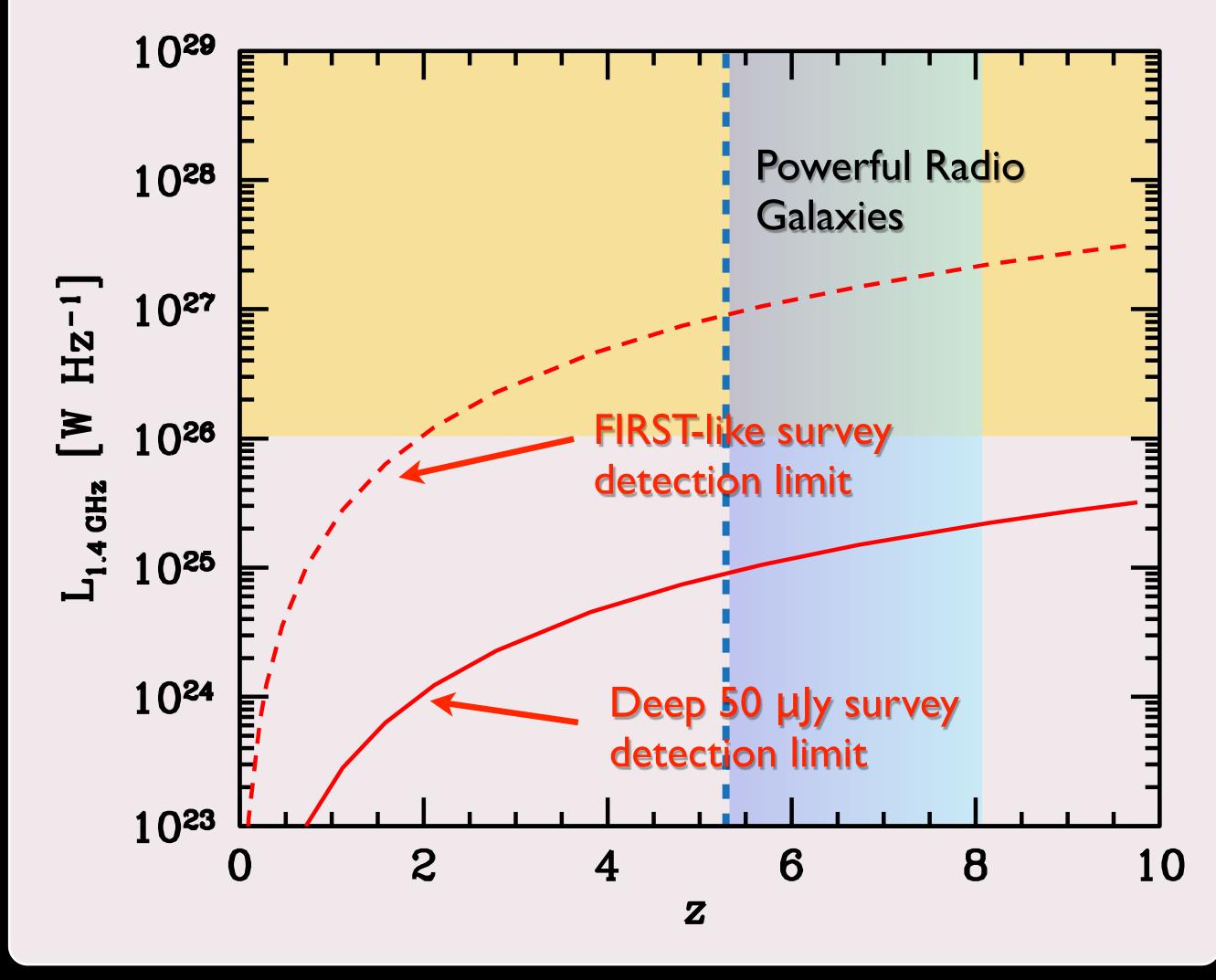
Powerful AGN do exist at z~7: OK

Large pop of SMBHs at z~8 possible, depending on initial seeds (Haiman+, Volonteri+, Johnson+...): - massive pop III collapse - DCBH - runaway collapse in dense stellar clusters at z~10-20

Theory: OK







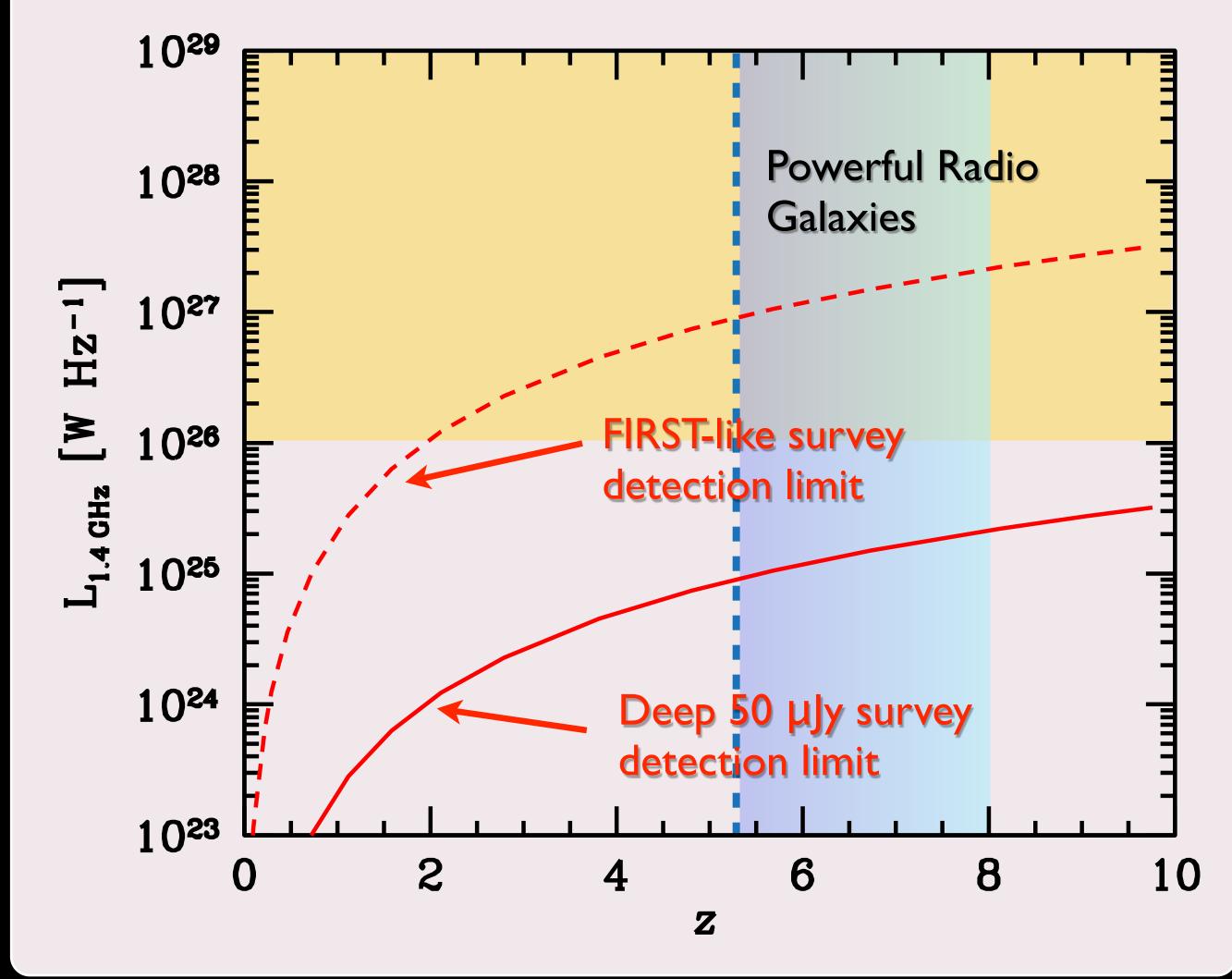


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Theory: OK









Powerful AGN do exist at z~7: OK Theory: OK

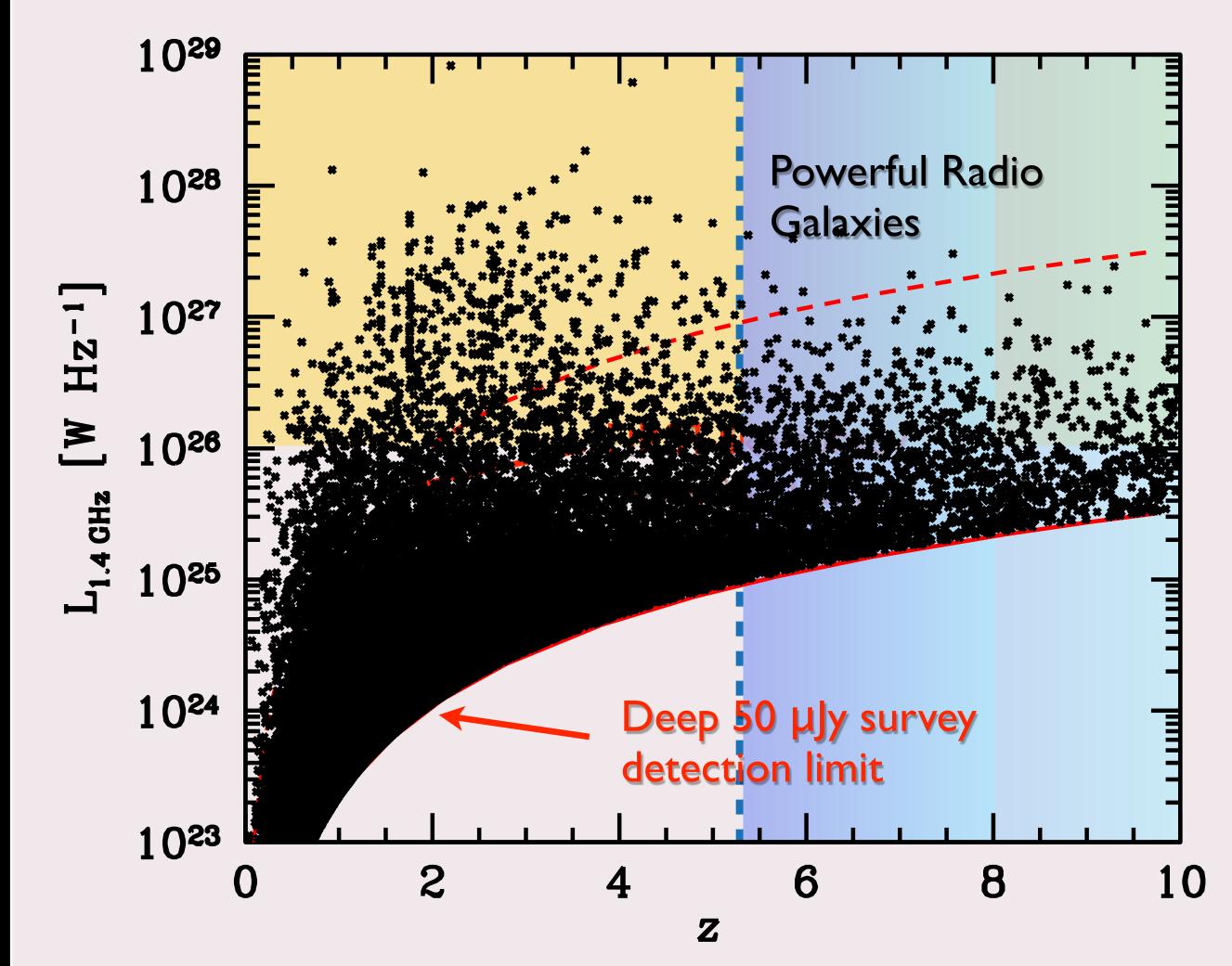
Extrapolate from observations?

SKA Simulated Skies: - 10 sq deg

 $-S_{1.4GHz} > 50 \mu y$









Powerful AGN do exist at z~7: OK Theory: OK

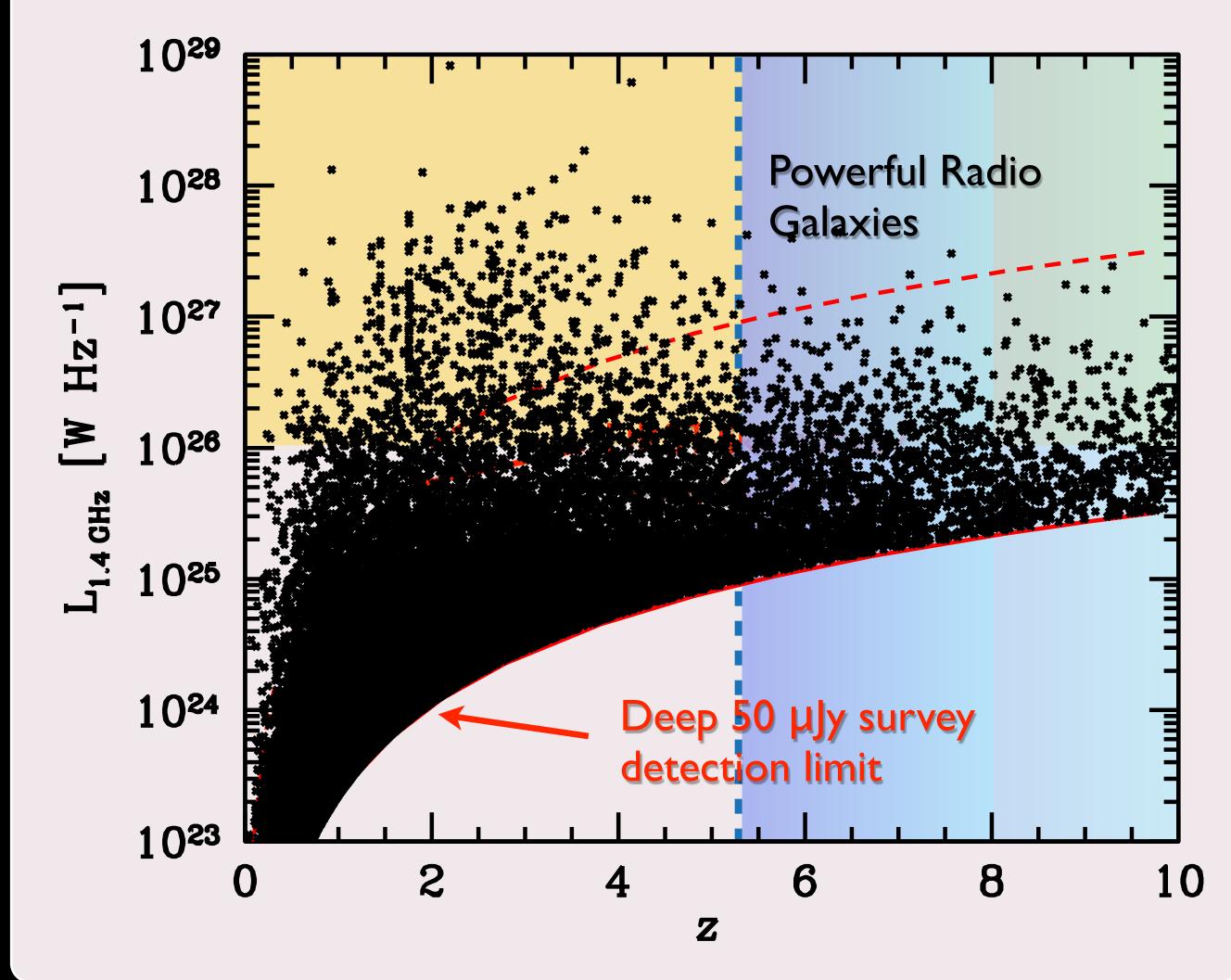
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SKA Simulated Skies: - 10 sq deg $-S_{1.4GHz} > 50 \mu y$

Radio population evolution: OK









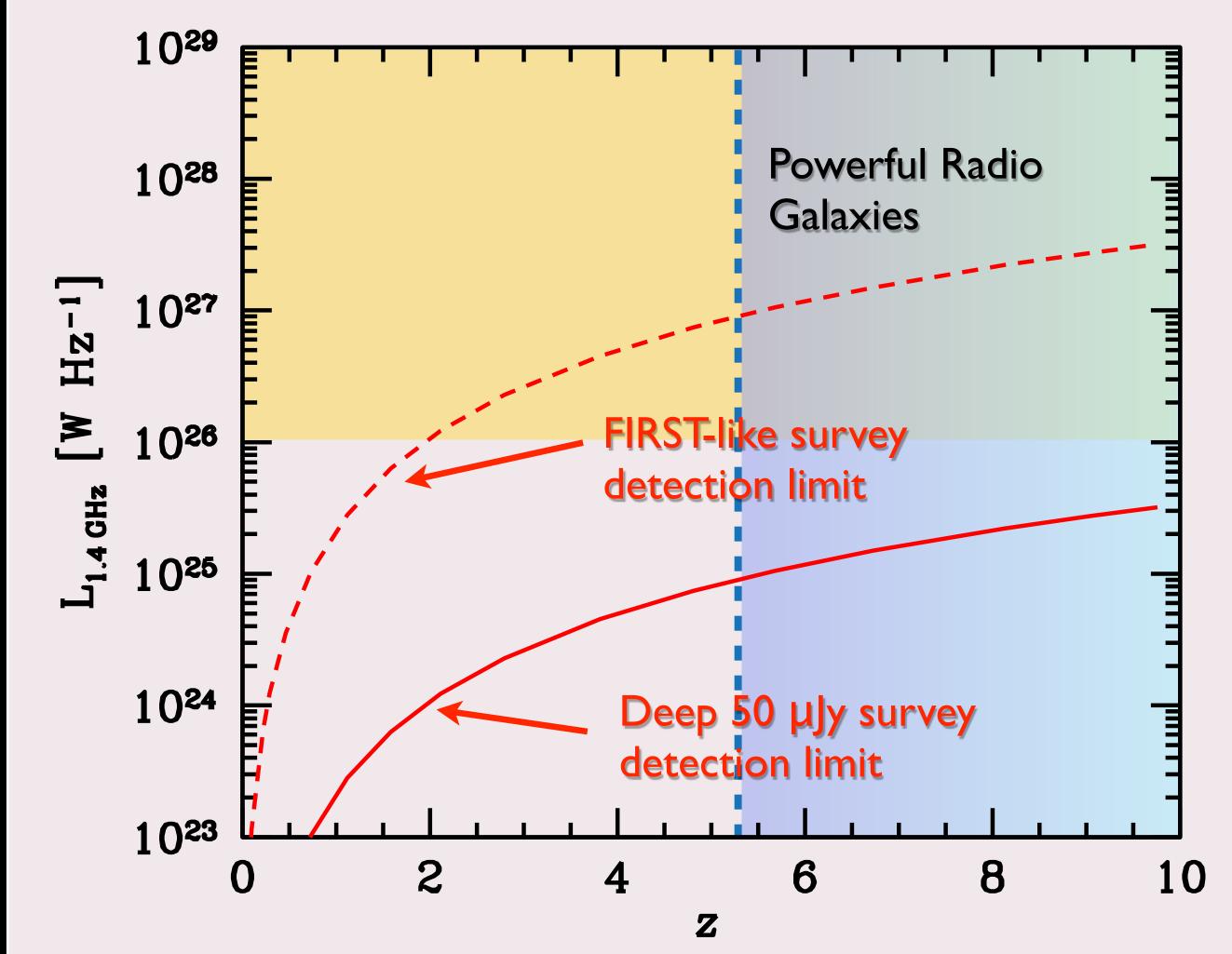
Powerful AGN do exist at z~7: OK

Theory: OK

Radio population evolution: OK









Can they be observed?

Powerful AGN do exist at z~7: OK Theory: OK Radio population evolution: OK

Increased electron losses to CMB - probably not problematic (enough energy available; denser environments;...)

CMB losses: probably OK

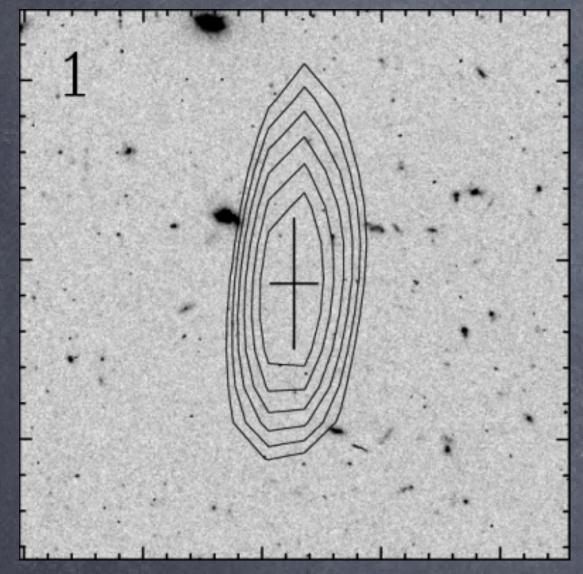


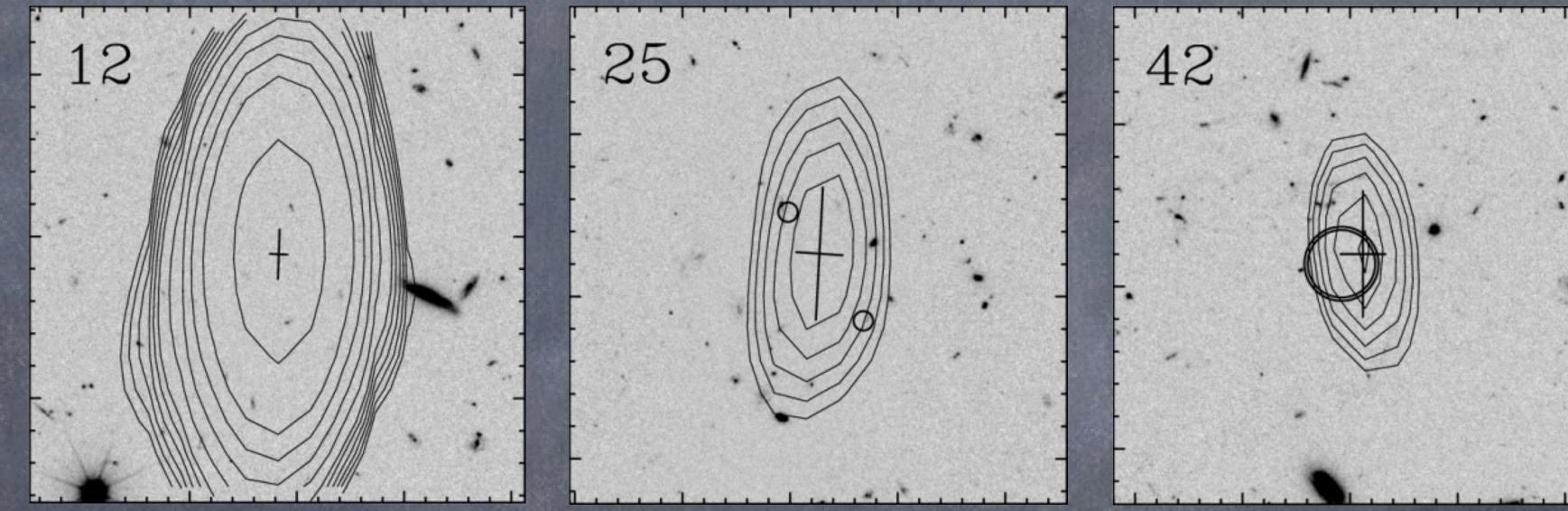


Where are the first radio galaxies?

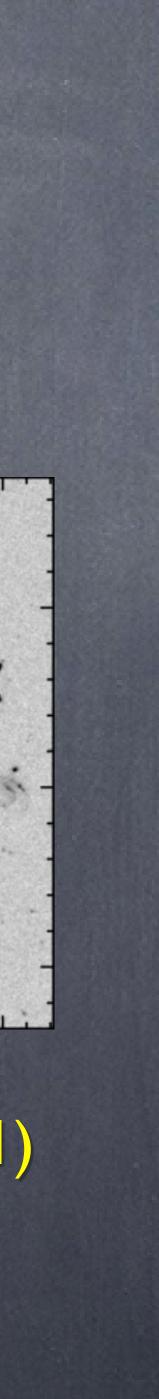
They (must) have been observed already!

- RGs (including USS) undetected in the optical to very deep levels

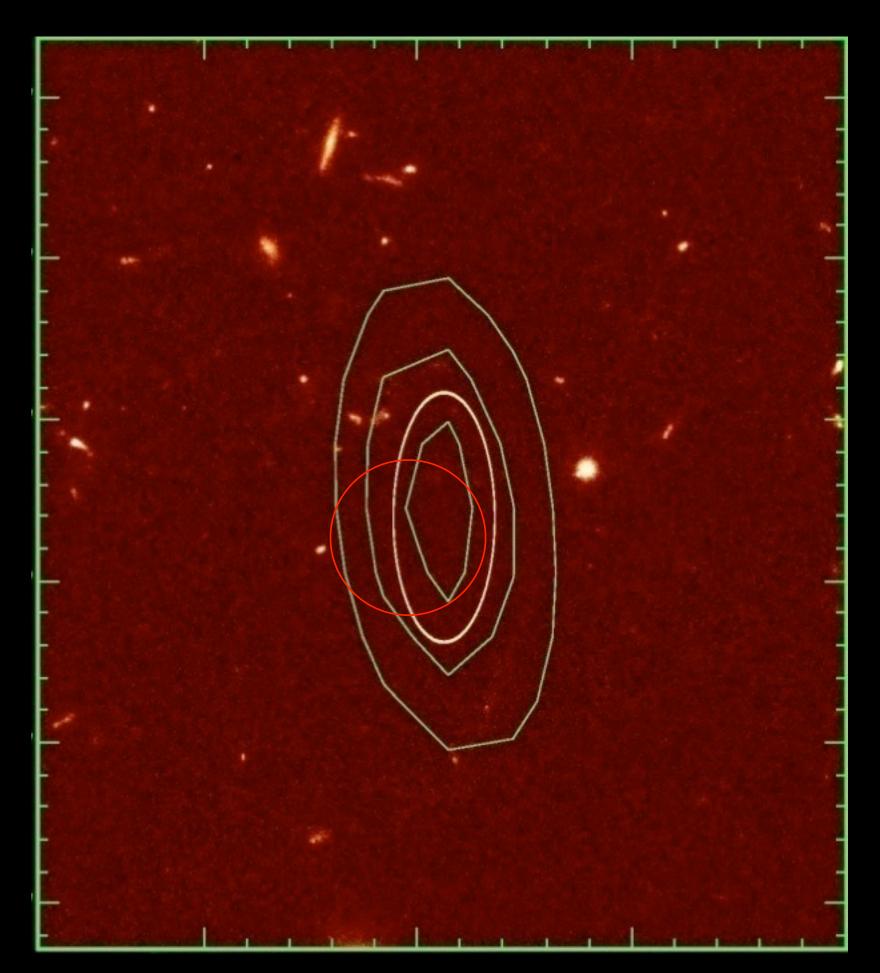




(e.g., CDFS, Lockman Hole: Afonso et al 2006; 2011)

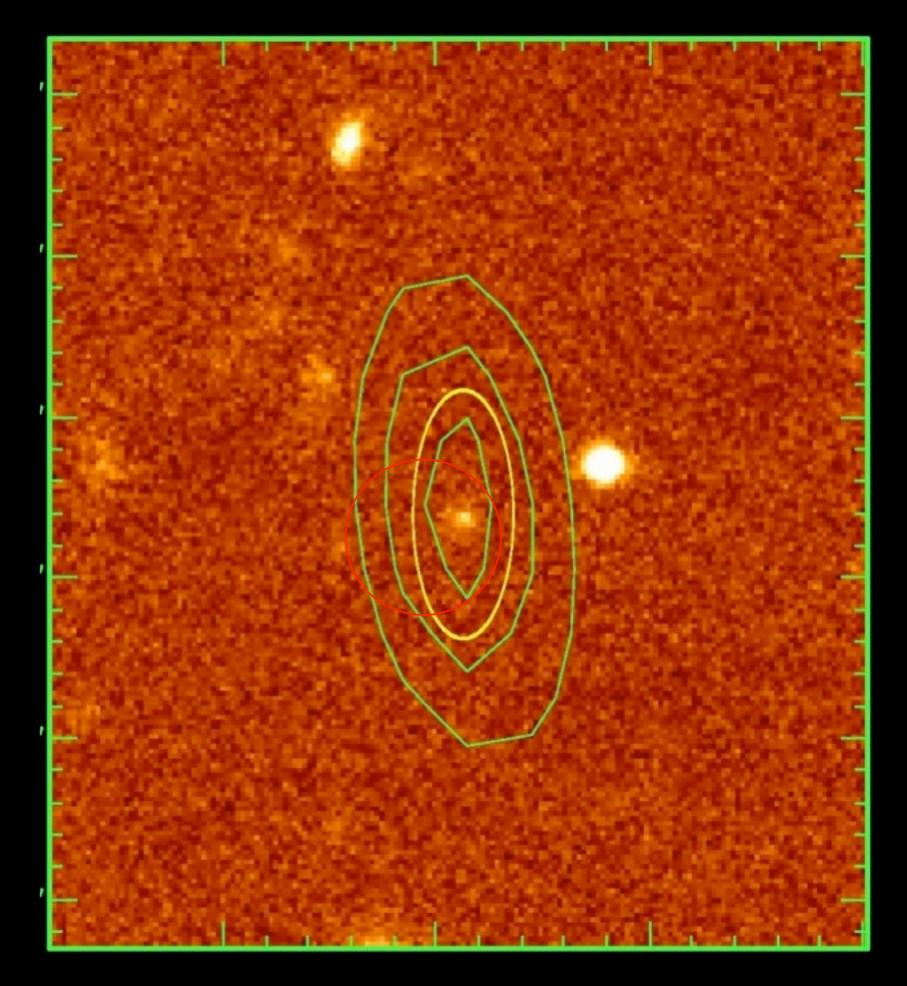


An extreme ERO AGN



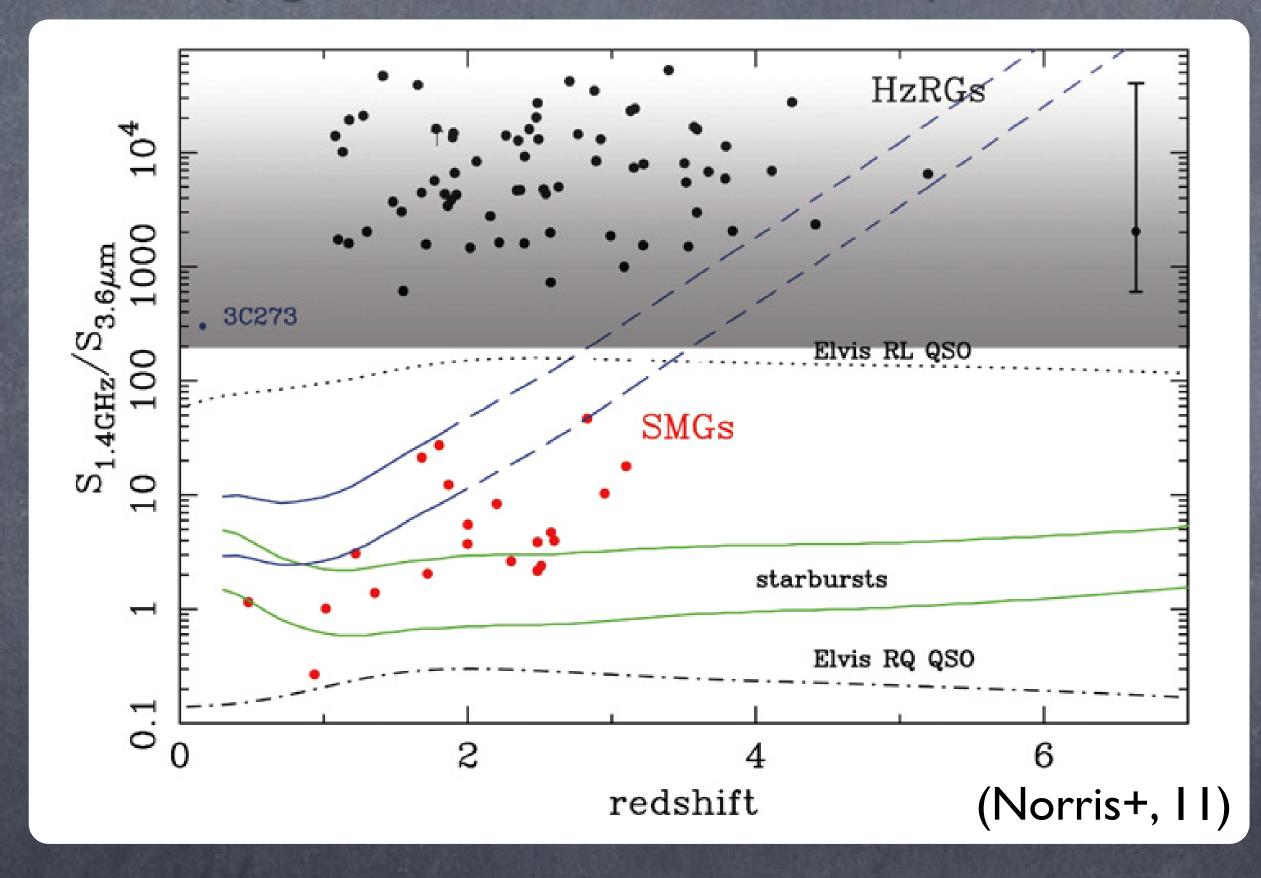
VLT: $J_{AB}, K_{AB} = 27.2, 23.1$





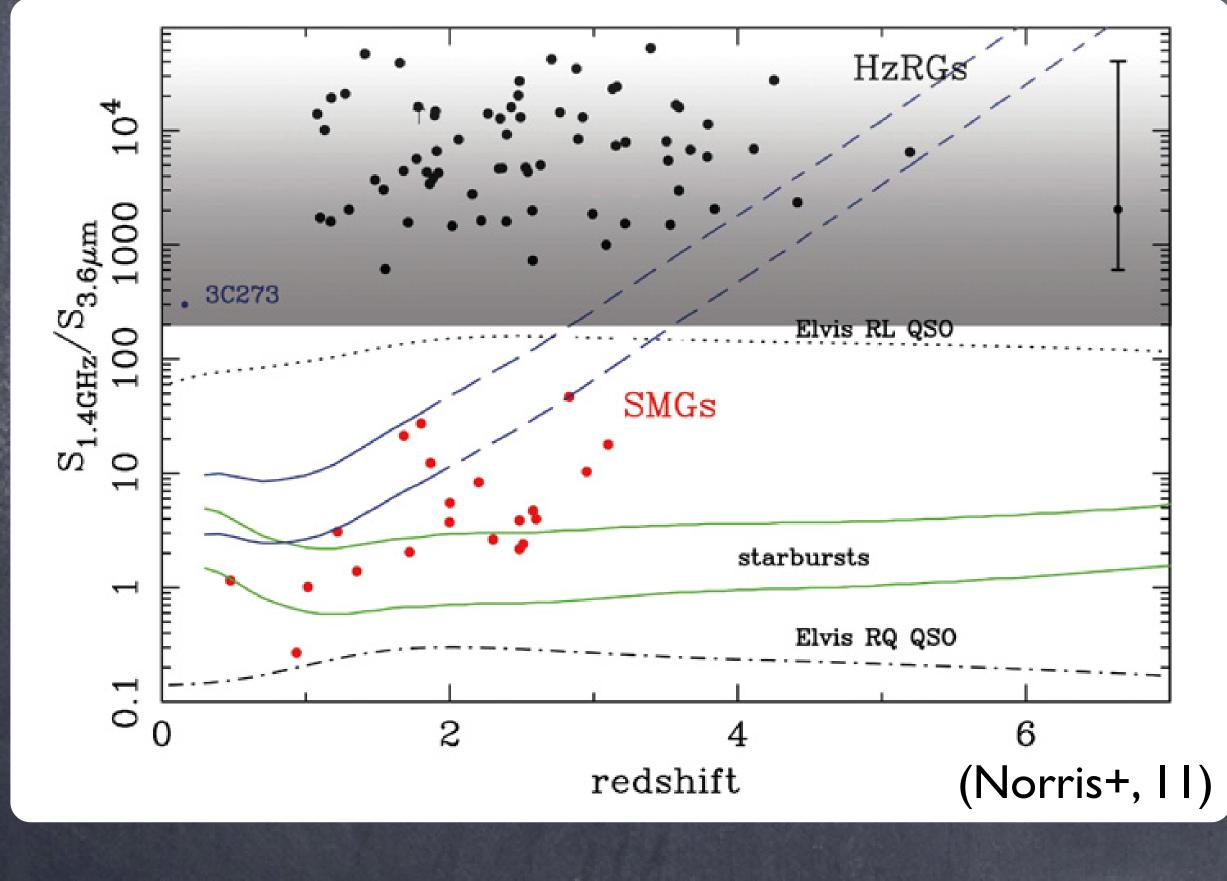
z-*K*>4.5, *J*-*K*=4.1

- RGs (including USS) undetected in the optical to very deep levels - Infrared Faint Radio Sources (high radio/IRAC flux ratios)

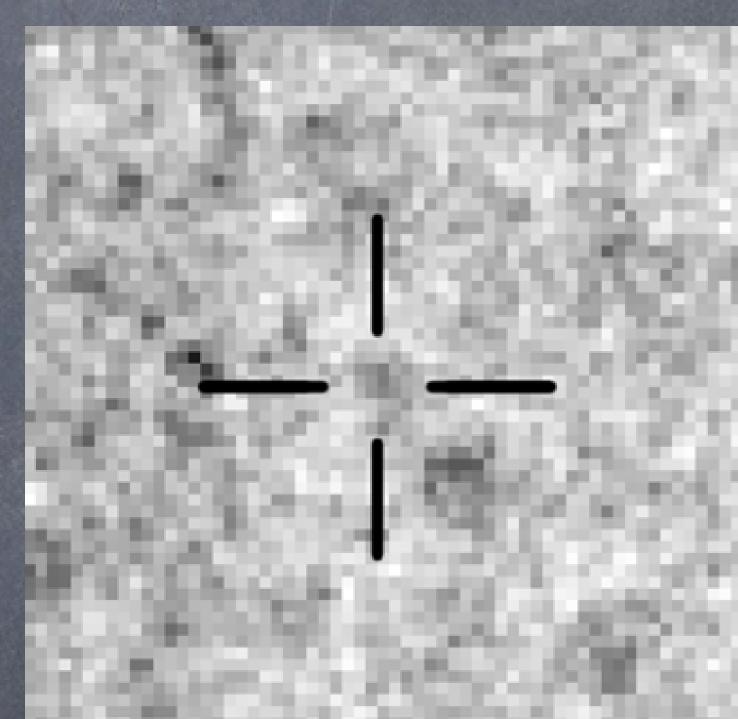




- RGs (including USS) undetected in the optical to very deep levels. - Infrared Faint Radio Sources (high radio/IRAC flux ratios)

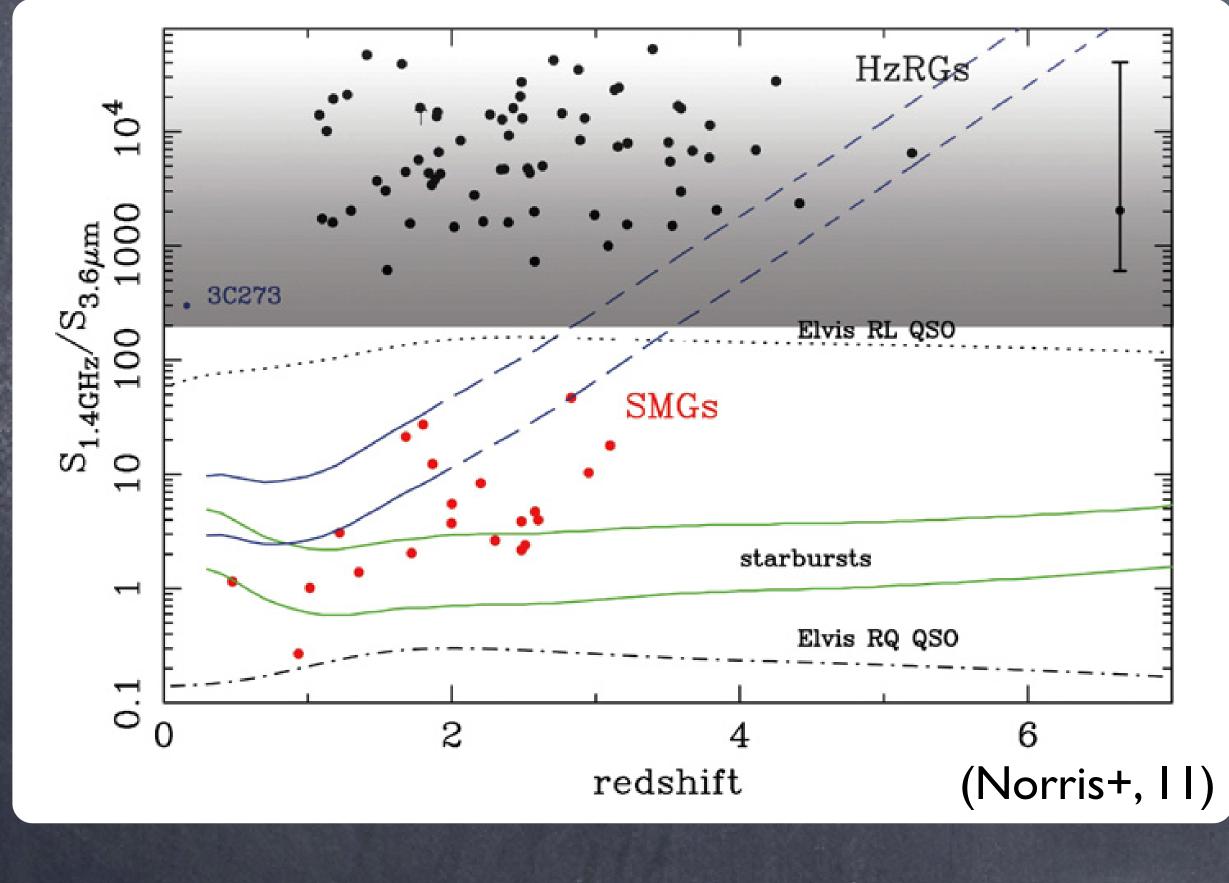






IRAC stack of 39 sources S_{I.4GHz}~0.1-20 mJy

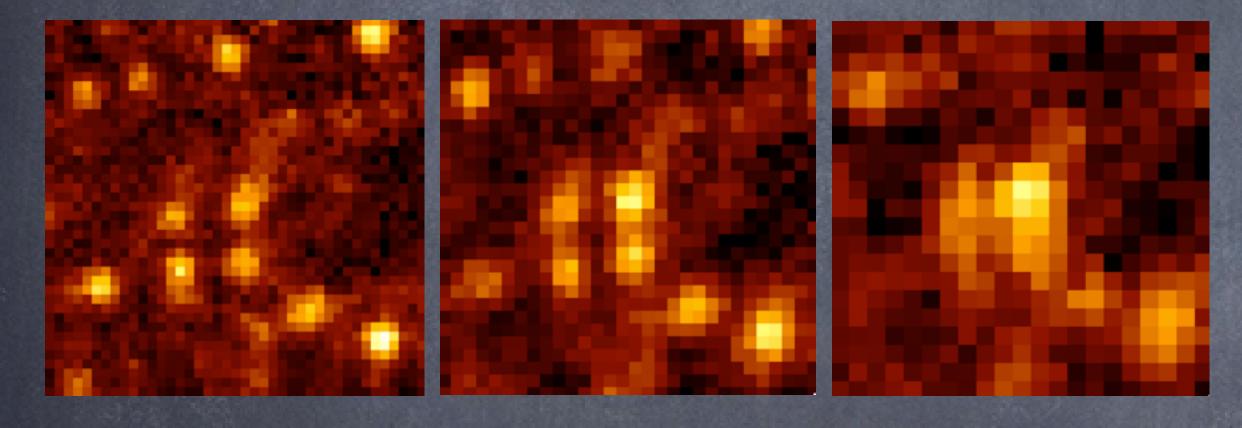
RGs (including USS) undetected in the optical to very deep levels
 Infrared Faint Radio Sources (high radio/IRAC flux ratios)





- Possibly, "the most efficient method for selecting high-z radio sources" (Ker+, 2012)

RGs (including USS) undetected in the optical to very deep levels
 Infrared Faint Radio Sources (high radio/IRAC ratios)
 Some are detected with Herschel, with interestingly raising SED slopes in the FIR:

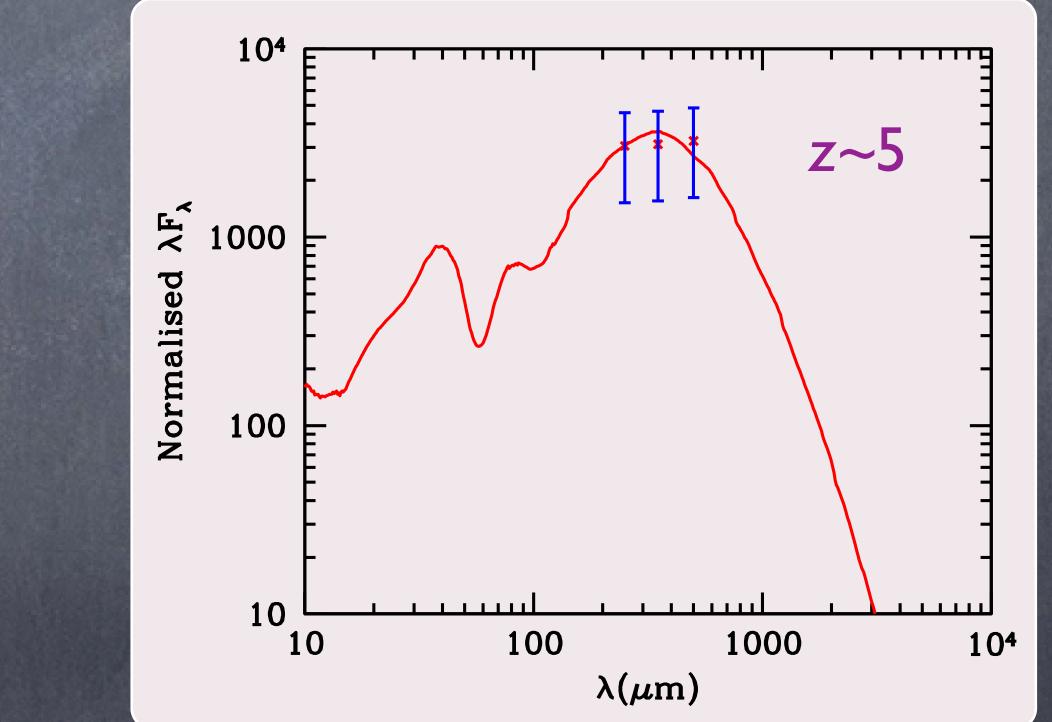


250 µm

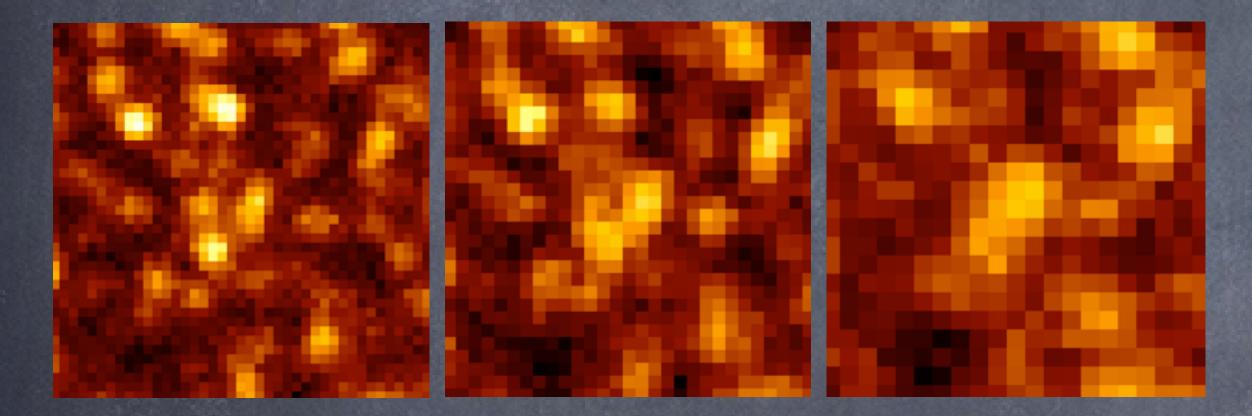
350 µm

500 µm





RGs (including USS) undetected in the optical to very deep levels
Infrared Faint Radio Sources (high radio/IRAC ratios)
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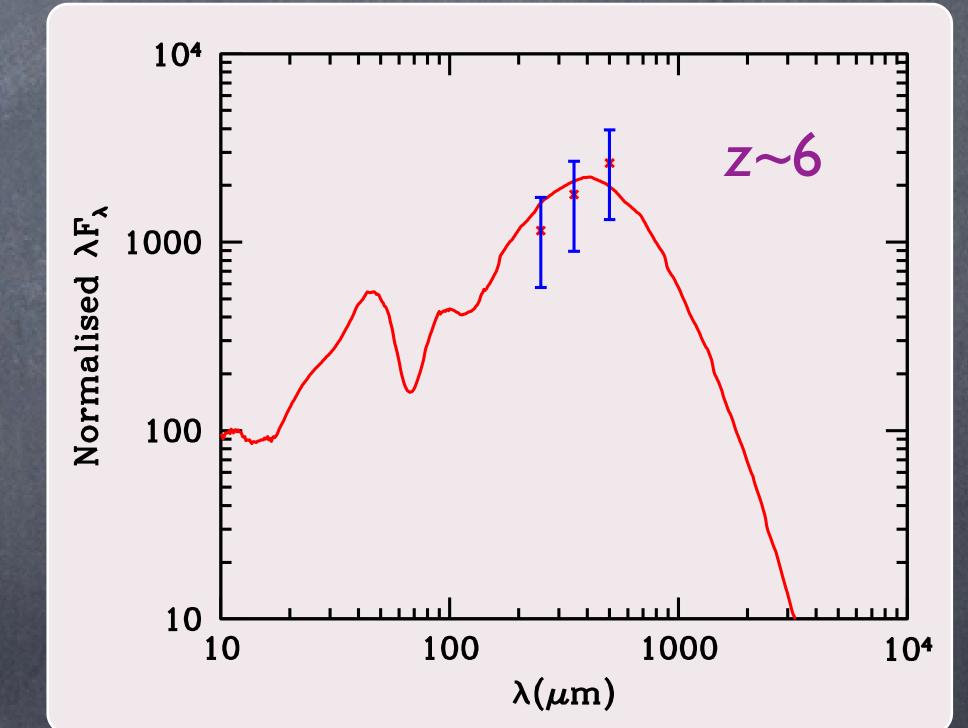




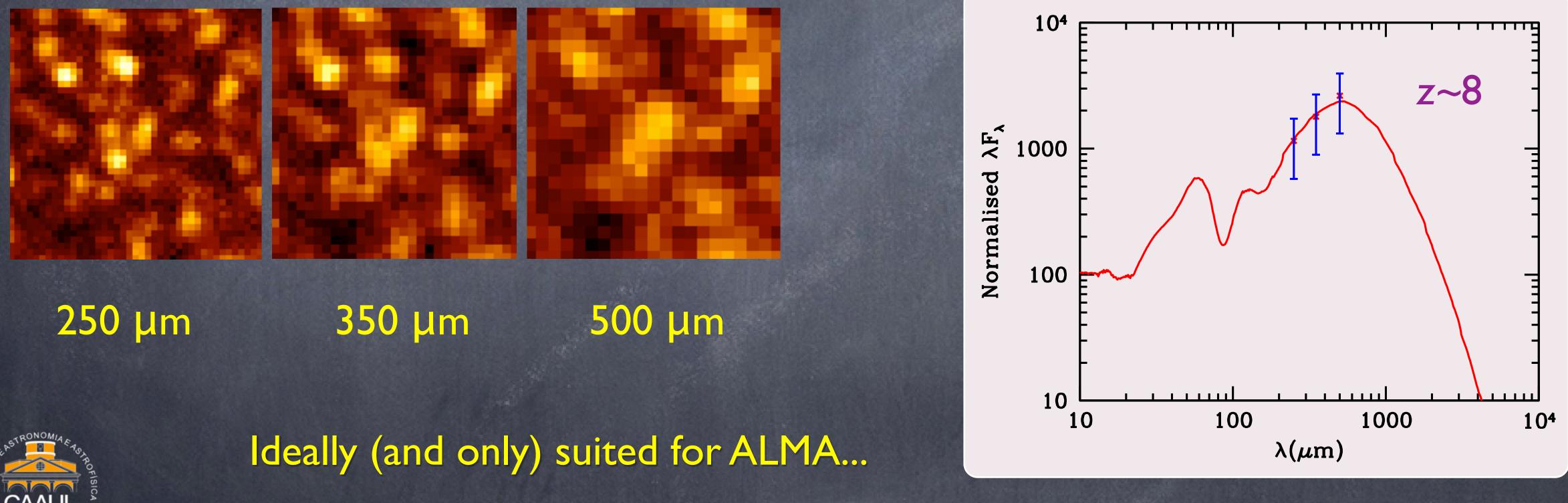
350 µm

500 µm





- RGs (including USS) undetected in the optical to very deep levels - Infrared Faint Radio Sources (high radio/IRAC ratios) Some are detected with Herschel, with interestingly raising SED slopes in the FIR:





Upcoming ventures in Deep Radio Probes of the Universe By 2018, millions of sources from EMU and WODAN (and LOFAR...), over the entire sky!



Evolutionary Map of the Universe (ASKAP); Norris+, II



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Westerbork Observations of the Deep APERTIF Northern-Sky; Rottgering+, II => FULL SKY @ 1.4GHz, ~15" resolution, 10-20 μ Jy rms Cross-match to IR surveys + {ALMA, JWST, EELT} will reveal the (radio) $z \sim 6-10$ Universe.



In epitome...

» Radio Surveys have probably already revealed tens of z > 6 AGNs (to $z \sim ??$). » Essential to match next generation of radio surveys with deep multiwavelength (IR) follow-up.

» Confirmation only(?) possible with ALMA, JWST, EELT.



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